

Ecole de la thrombectomie Clermont-Ferrand, 03/02/23

« T » CAROTIDIEN, OCCLUSIONS DISTALES, CÉRÉBRALE ANTÉRIEURE

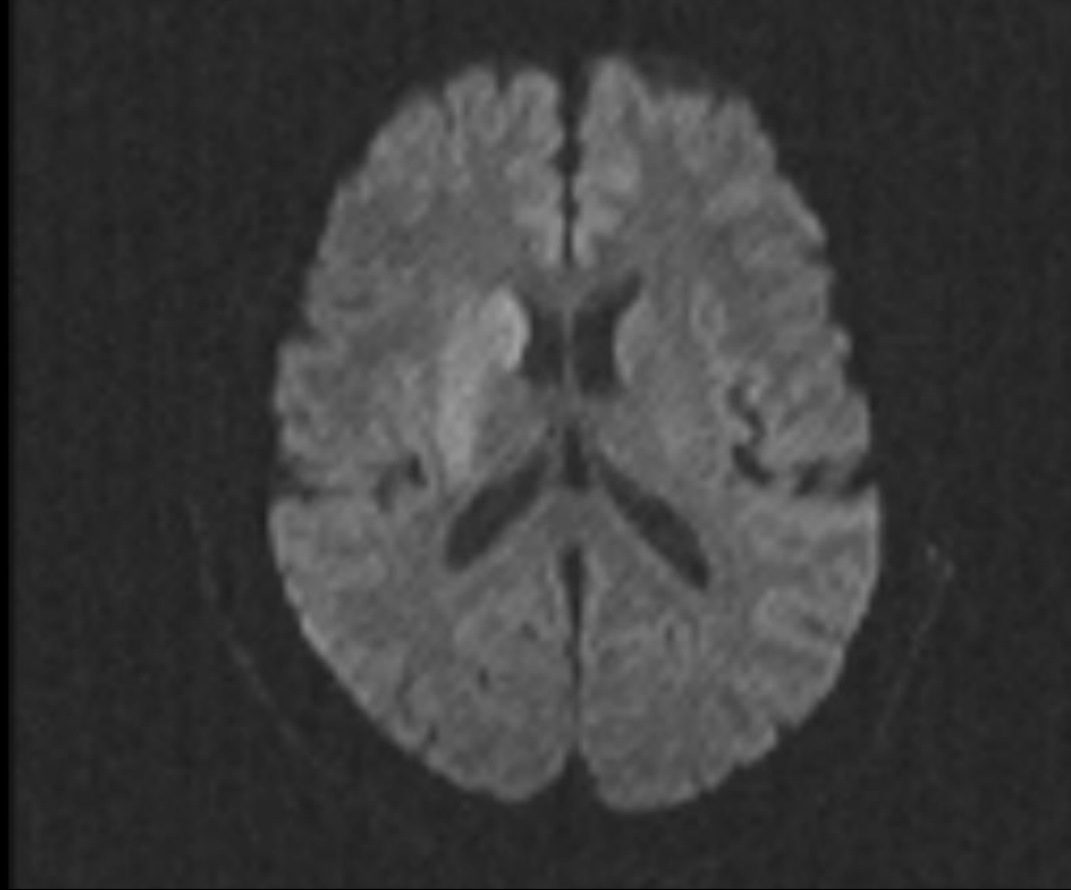
- > Quel stent ? Quelle technique ? Quel micro KT ?
- > Faut-il aller en ACA ? Comment ?
- > Quel stent pour quel caillot ? Autres dispositifs...

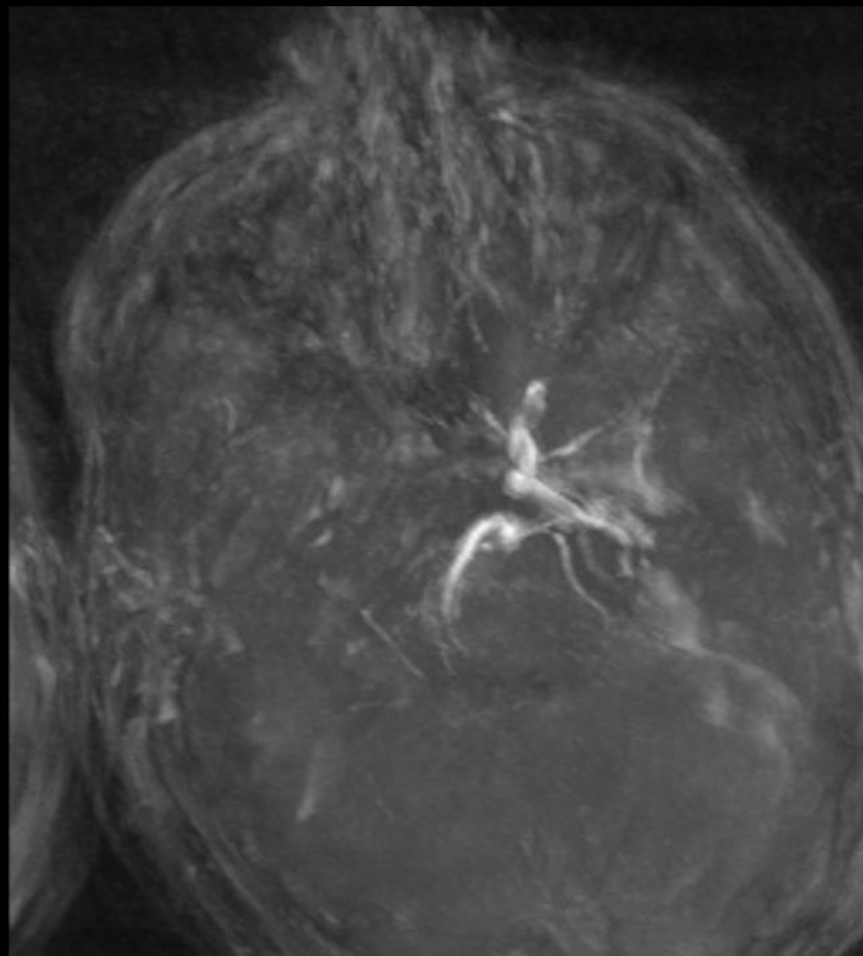
Dr Marc-Antoine Labeyrie, marc-antoine.labeyrie@aphp.fr

Neuroradiologie interventionnelle, Hôpital Lariboisière, Paris

LES OCCLUSIONS DU T CAROTIDIEN

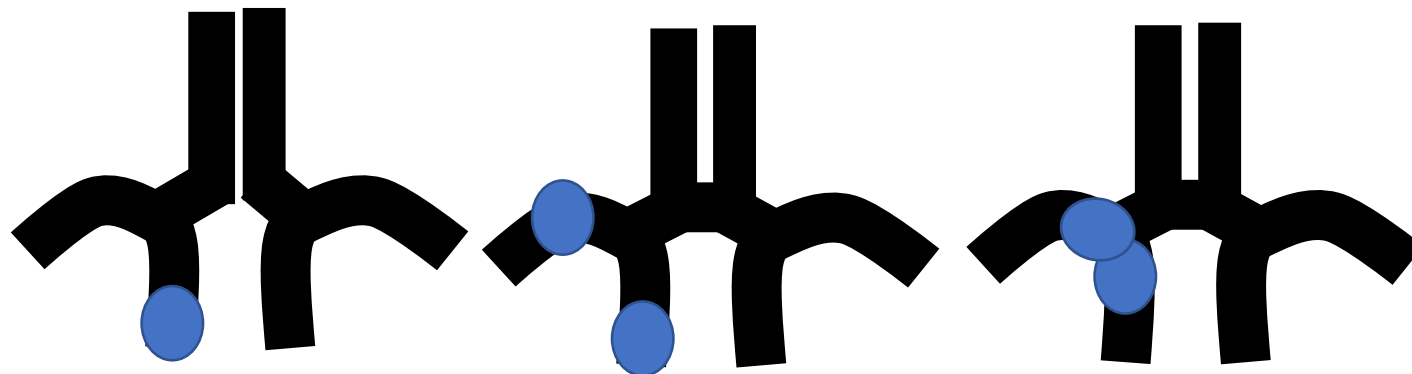
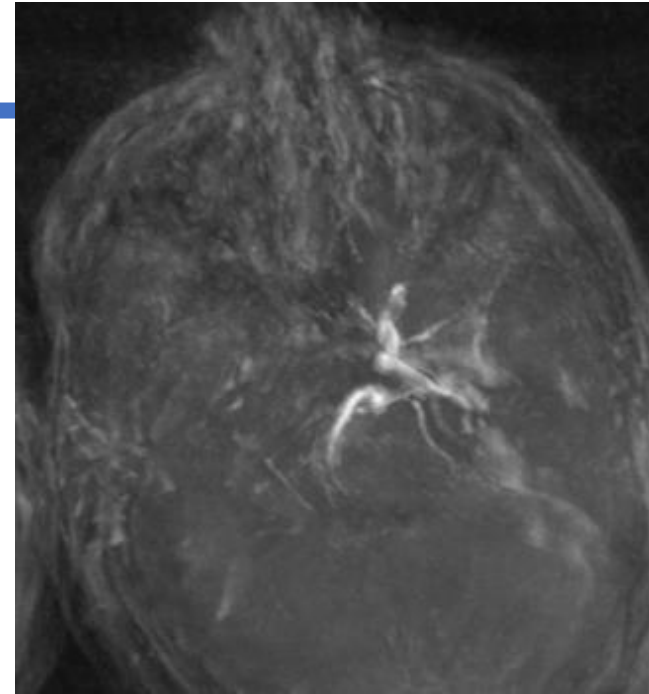
homme de 47 ans, sans ATCD, NIHSS 18, 3 heures du début des symptômes





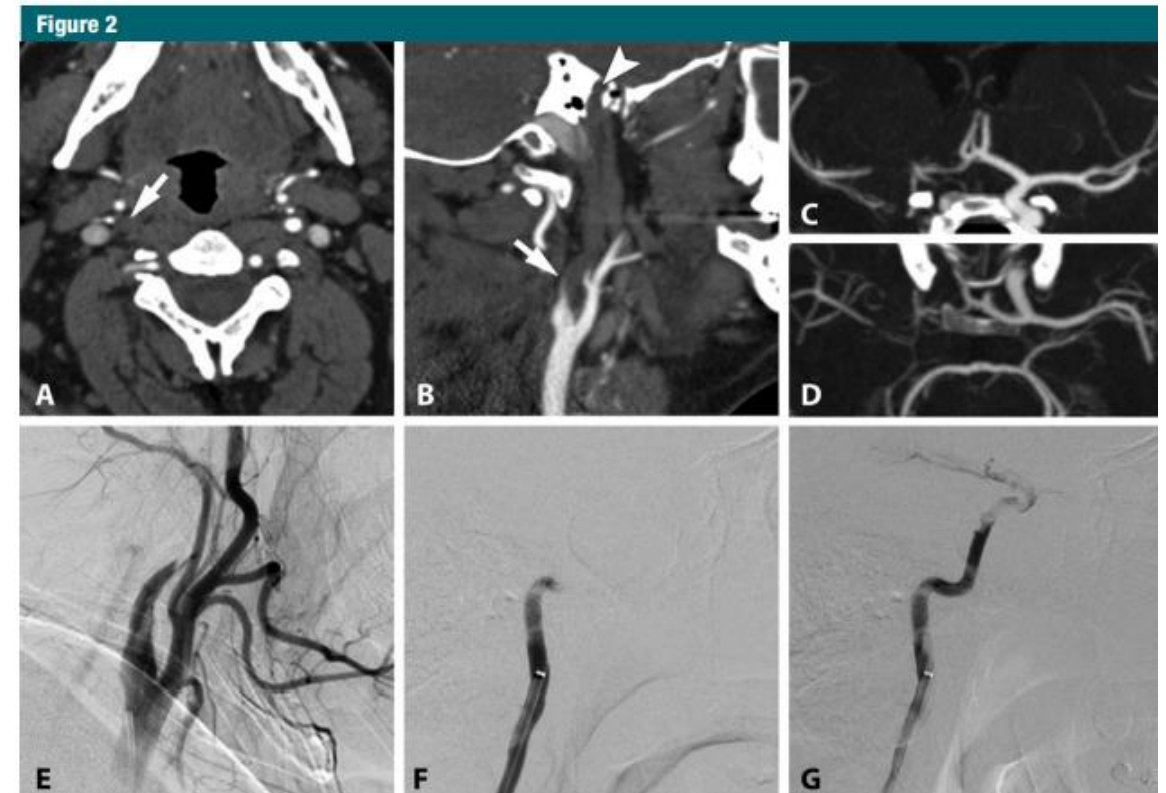
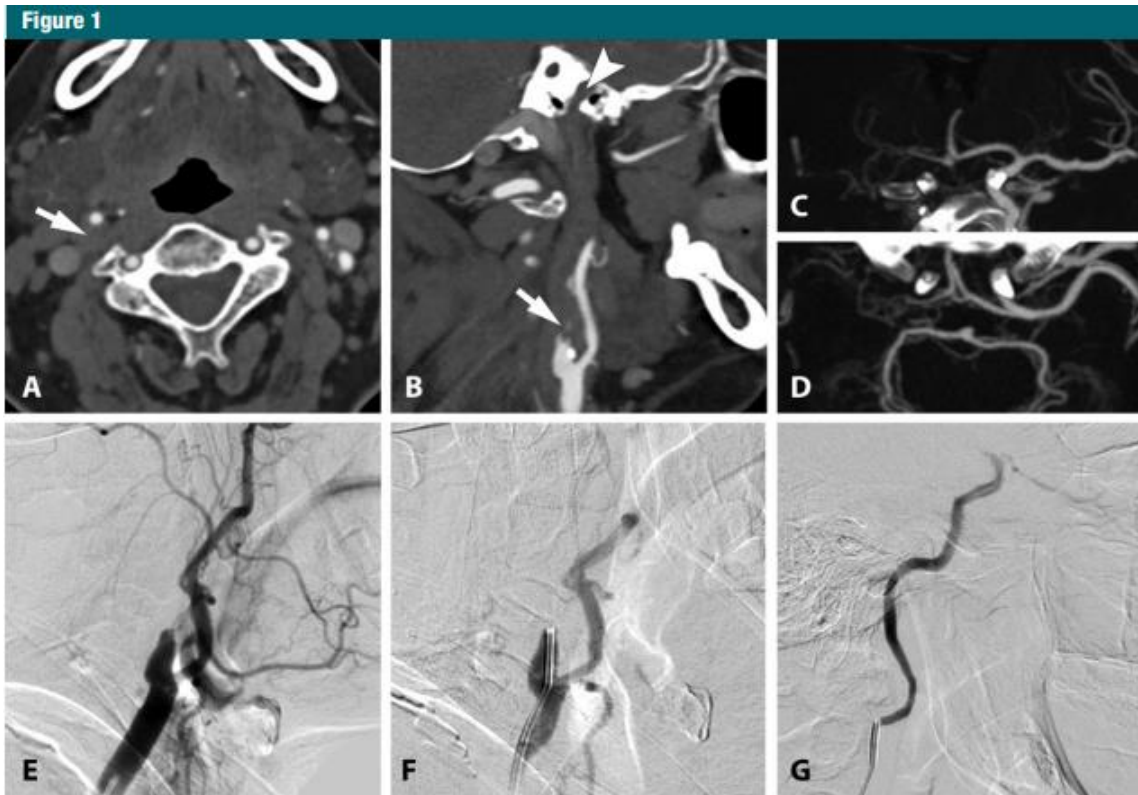
1/ Caractérisation du thrombus ?

- ACI
- ACI + ACM = « Tandem »
- ACI-ACM
- Extension du thrombus
- Forme du thrombus (I ou Y)



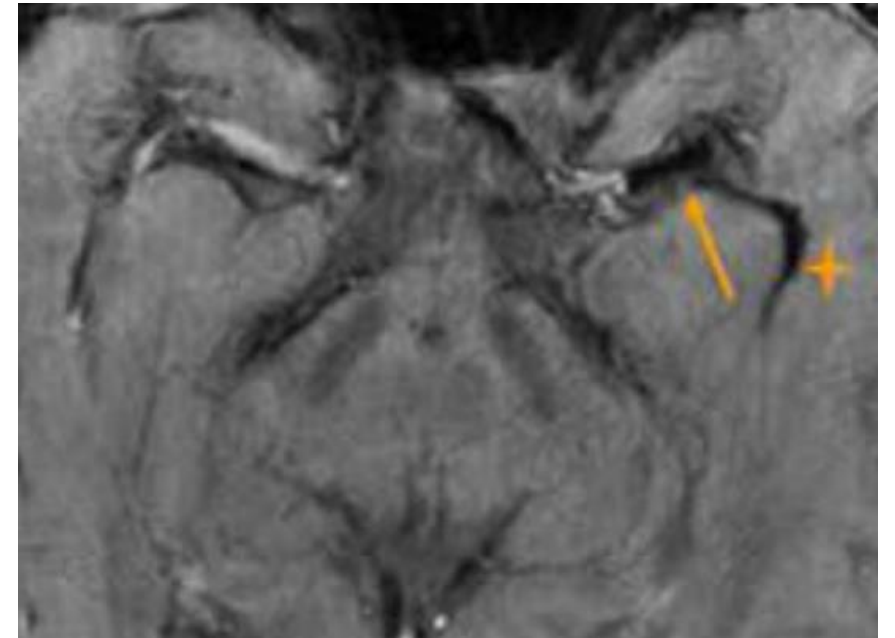
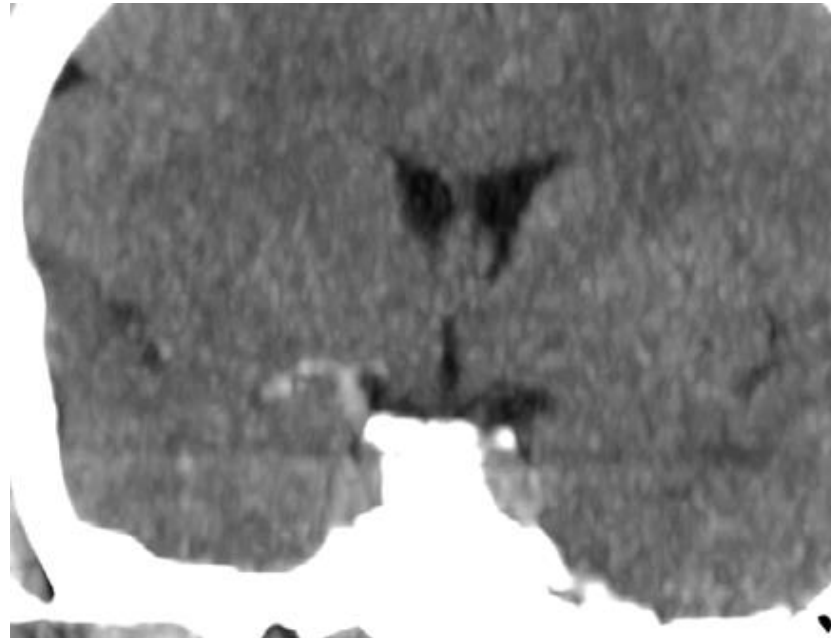
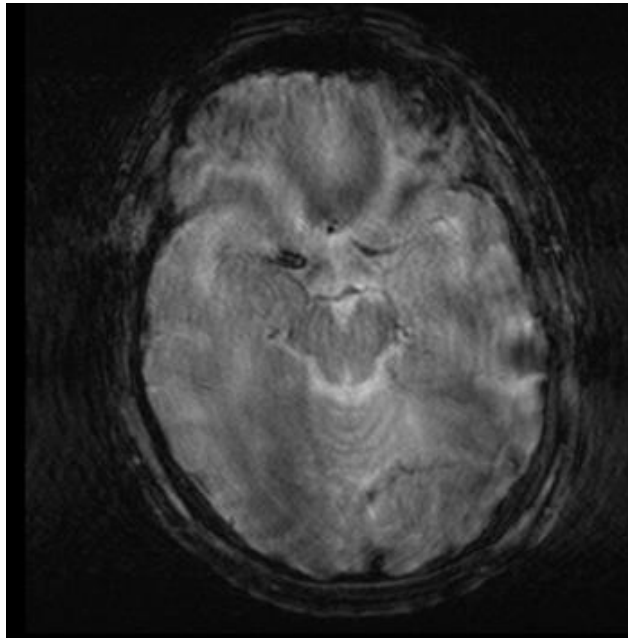
1/ Caractérisation du thrombus ?

- Imagerie vasculaire injectée



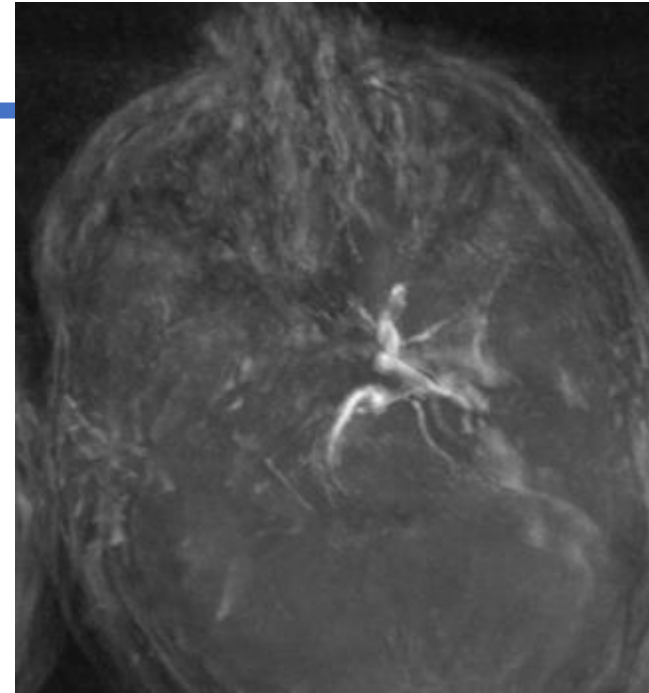
1/ Caractérisation du thrombus ?

- Imagerie du thrombus

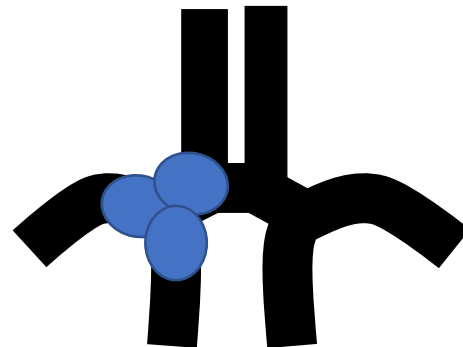


1/ Caractérisation du thrombus ?

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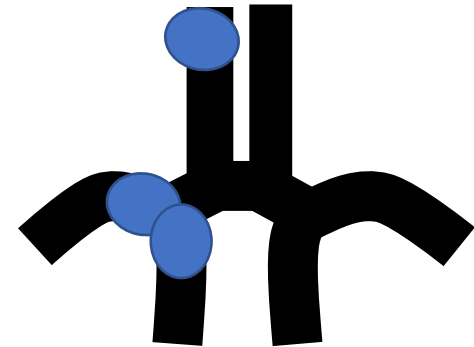


TICA-M1-A1

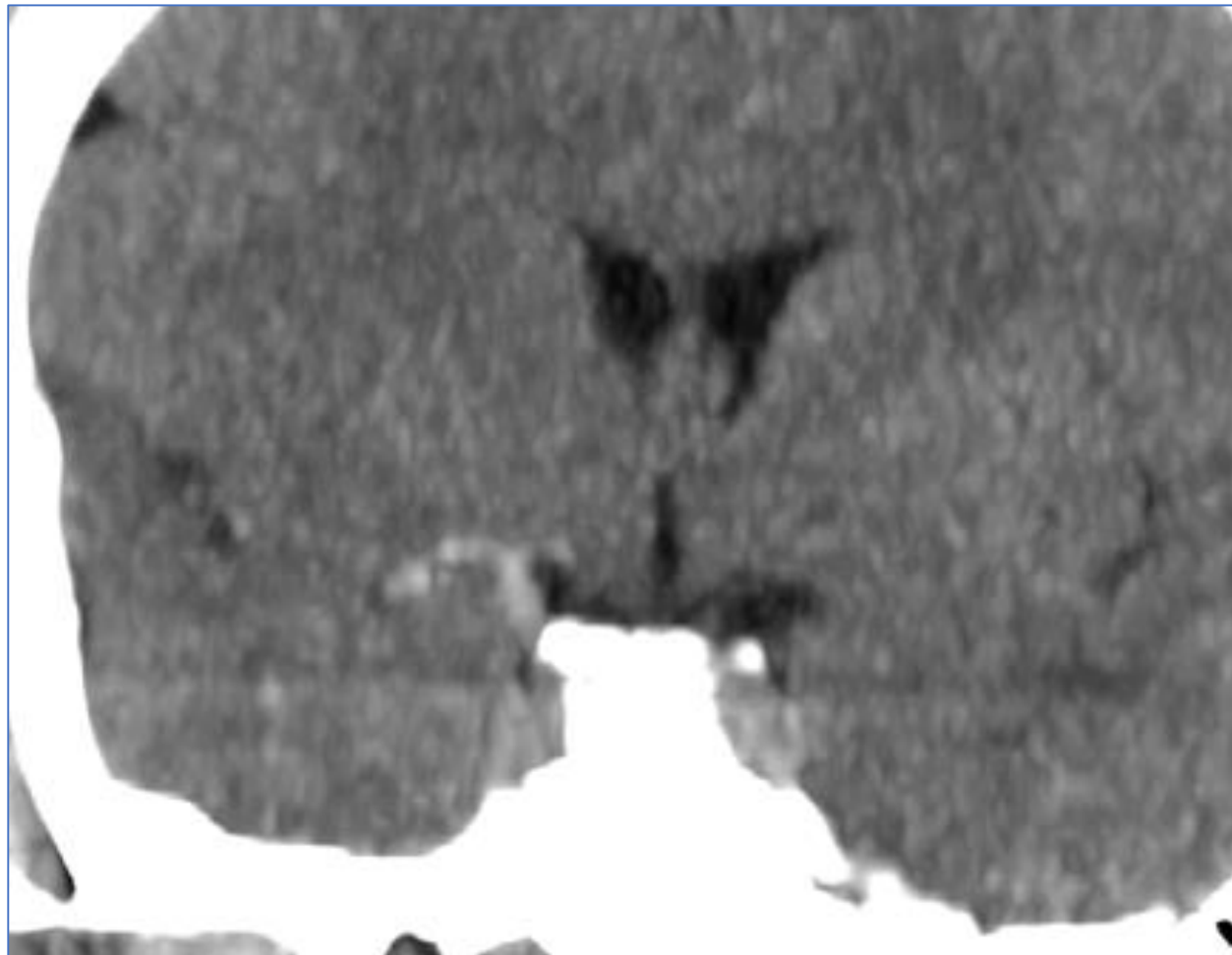


2/ Quels risques spécifiques ?

- Infarctus choroïdien antérieur
- Infarctus étendu si pas de polygone
- L'embolie erratique dans A2, A3
- Près de 20% des vrais T. vs. 5% ?
- Grèvent le pronostic
- Parfois déjà présent avant le geste
- Problématique des embolies distaux

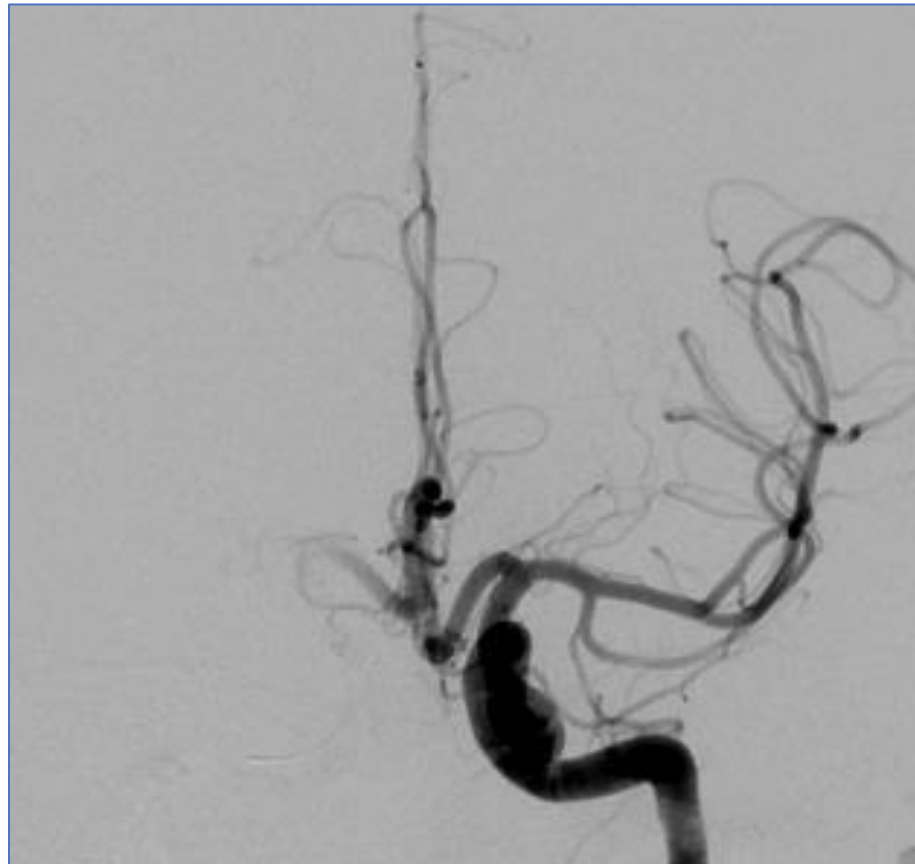


3/ Prise en charge ?



Evaluation des suppléances

- Intérêt de l'évaluation complète du polygone (deuxième voie ?)



6/ Thrombectomie vs. Aspi vs. Combiné ?

Randomized Controlled Trial > [JAMA. 2017 Aug 1;318\(5\):443-452. doi: 10.1001/jama.2017.9644.](#)

Effect of Endovascular Contact Aspiration vs Stent Retriever on Revascularization in Patients With Acute Ischemic Stroke and Large Vessel Occlusion: The ASTER Randomized Clinical Trial

Bertrand Lapergue¹, Raphael Blanc², Benjamin Gory³, Julien Labreuche⁴, Alain Duhamel⁴,

KT D'ASPIRATION > 0.70 ?

- Pas de porteur à ballonnet
- Moins bonne navigabilité ?

[JAMA. 2021 Sep 28; 326\(12\): 1158–1169.](#)

PMCID: PMC8479584

Published online 2021 Sep 28. doi: [10.1001/jama.2021.13827](#)

PMID: [34581737](#)

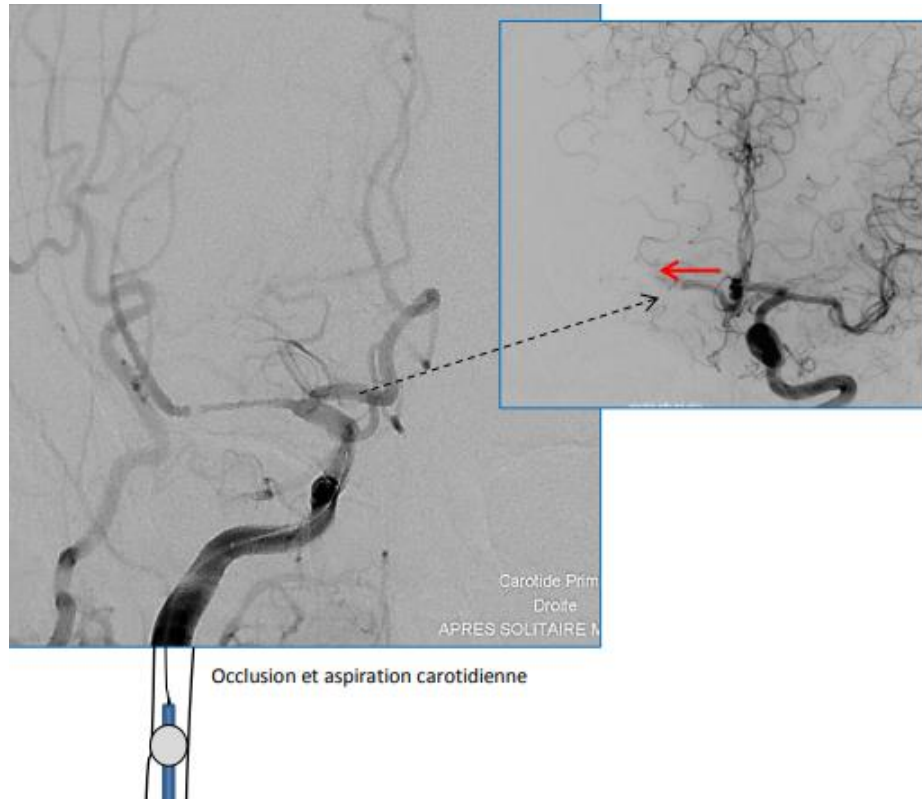
Effect of Thrombectomy With Combined Contact Aspiration and Stent Retriever vs Stent Retriever Alone on Revascularization in Patients With Acute Ischemic Stroke and Large Vessel Occlusion

The ASTER2 Randomized Clinical Trial

[Bertrand Lapergue](#), MD, PhD,¹ [Raphaël Blanc](#), MD,² [Vincent Costalat](#), MD, PhD,³ [Hubert Desal](#), MD, PhD,⁴

[Susanna Saleme](#), MD,⁵ [Laurent Spelle](#), MD, PhD,⁶ [Gaultier Marnat](#), MD,⁷ [Eimad Shtor](#), MD,⁸ [Francois Eugene](#), MD,⁹

7/ Le ballon cervical



Balloon Guide Catheter is Not Superior to Conventional Guide Catheter when Stent Retriever and Contact Aspiration are Combined for Stroke Treatment

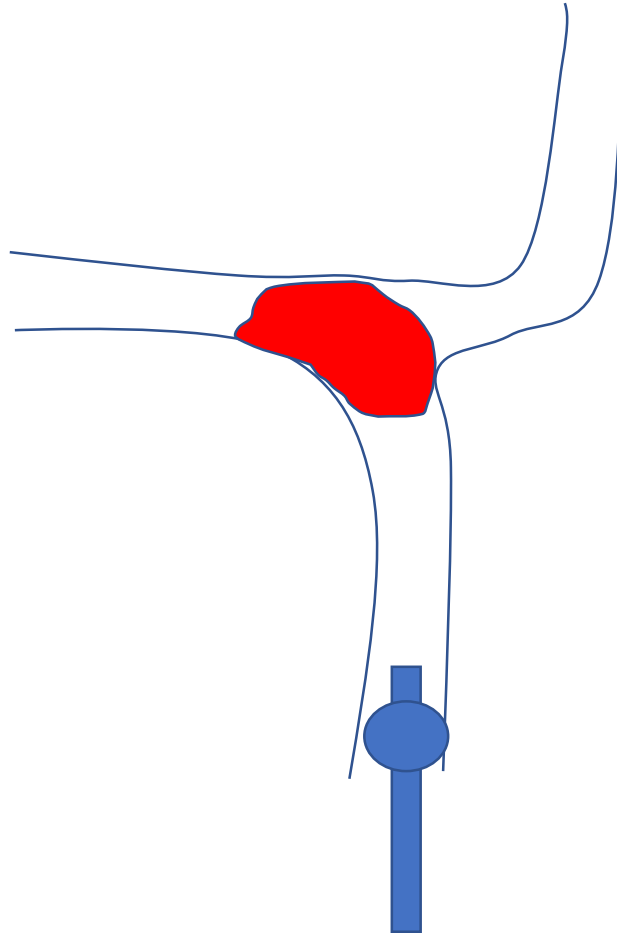
Romain Bourcier ¹, Gaultier Marnat ², Julien Labreuche ³, Hubert Desal ¹, Federico Di Maria ⁴, Arturo Consoli ⁴, François Eugène ⁵, Benjamin Gory ⁶, Cyril Dargazanli ⁷, Raphaël Blanc ⁸, Bertrand Lapergue ⁹

Affiliations + expand

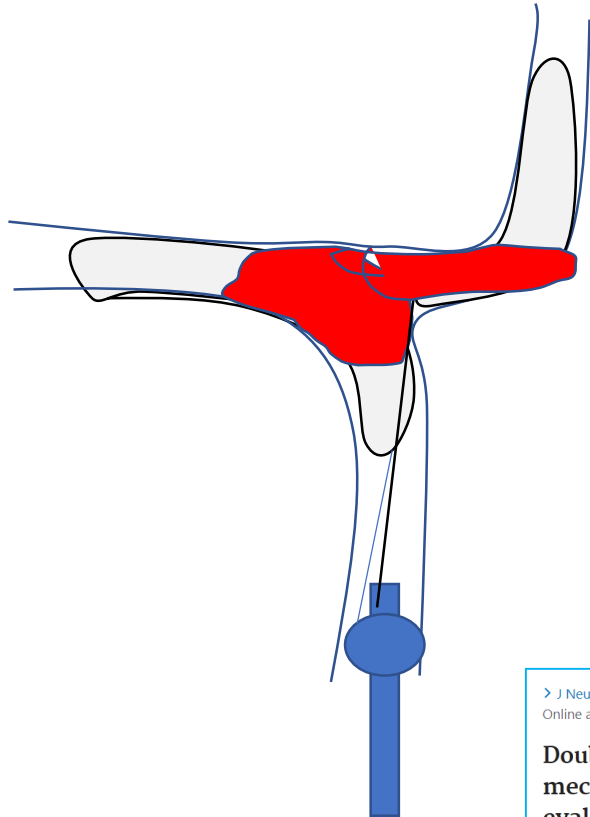
PMID: 32717034 DOI: 10.1093/neuros/nyaa315

KT ballon 9F et KT ASPI 0.70 ?

8/ La thromboaspiration proximale ?



8/ Le Y-stent retriever ?



> J Neurointerv Surg. 2023 Jan 10;jnis-2022-019887. doi: 10.1136/jnis-2022-019887. Online ahead of print.

Double stent-retriever as the first-line approach in mechanical thrombectomy: a randomized in vitro evaluation

Jiahui Li ¹, Riccardo Tiberi ¹, Pere Canals ¹, Daniel Vargas ², Oscar Castaño ^{3,4}, Marc Molina ¹, Alejandro Tomasello ², Marc Ribo ⁵

Affiliations + expand
PMID: 36627194 DOI: 10.1136/jnis-2022-019887

> Clin Neuroradiol. 2022 Dec;32(4):971-977. doi: 10.1007/s00062-022-01161-2. Epub 2022 Apr 13

First-line Double Stentriever Thrombectomy for M1/TICA Occlusions : Initial Experiences

Pedro Vega ¹, Eduardo Murias ², Jose Maria Jimenez ², Juan Chaviano ², Jose Rodriguez ², Sergio Calleja ³, Montserrat Delgado ³, Lorena Benavente ³, Maria Castañon ³, Josep Puig ⁴, Helena Cigarran ², Faustino Arias ², Rene Chapot ⁵

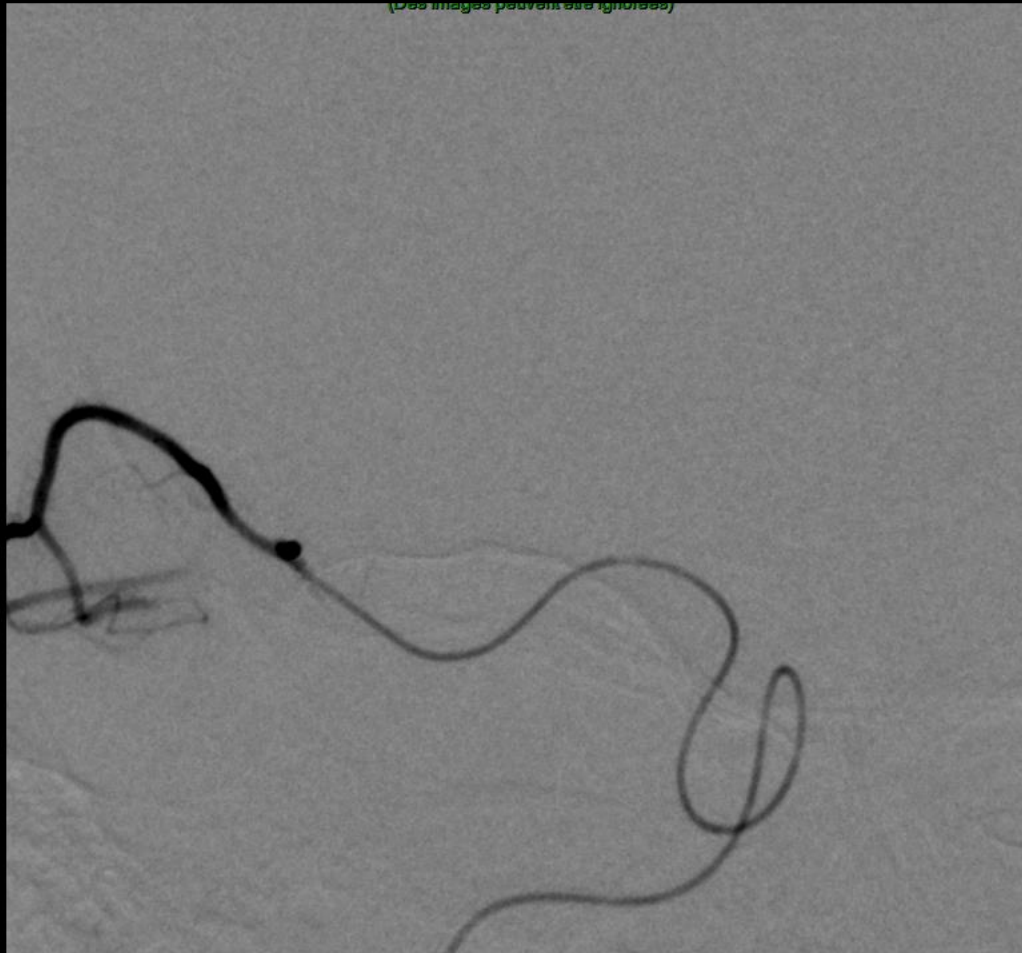
Affiliations + expand

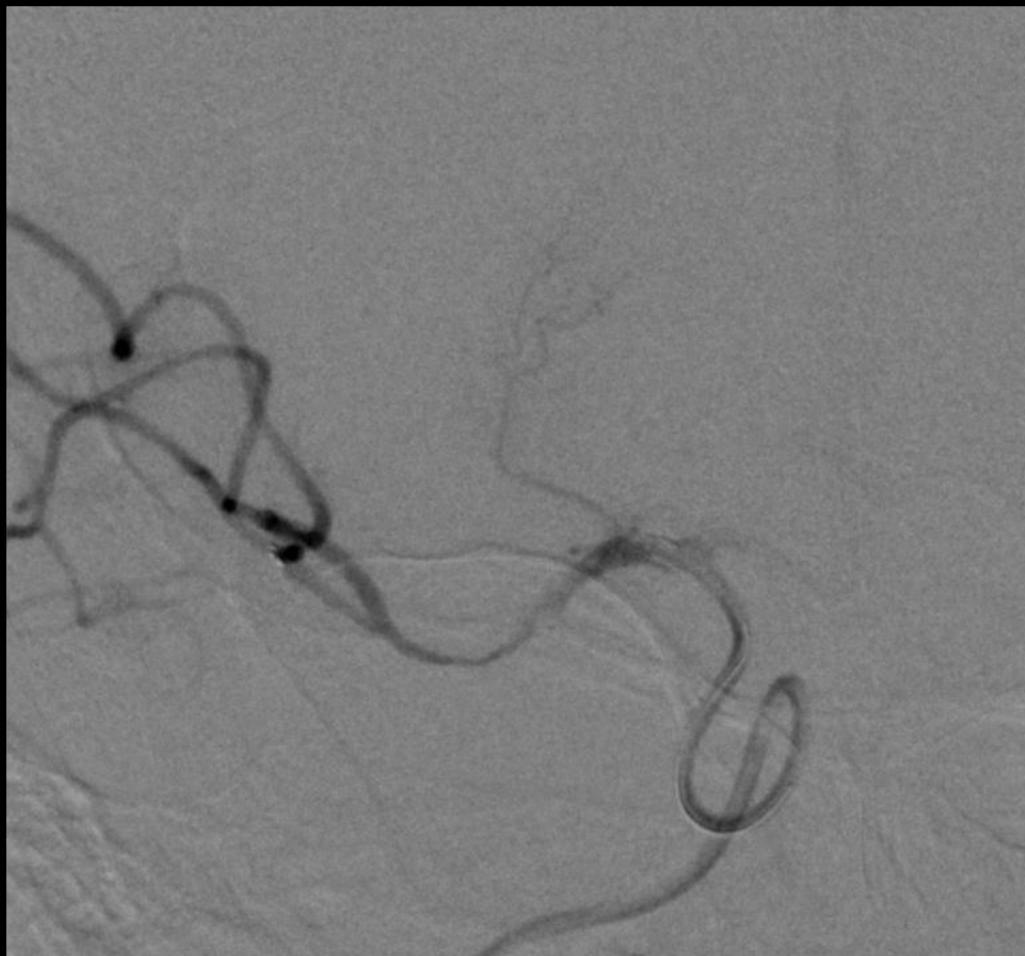
PMID: 35416489

Procedural and clinical characteristics

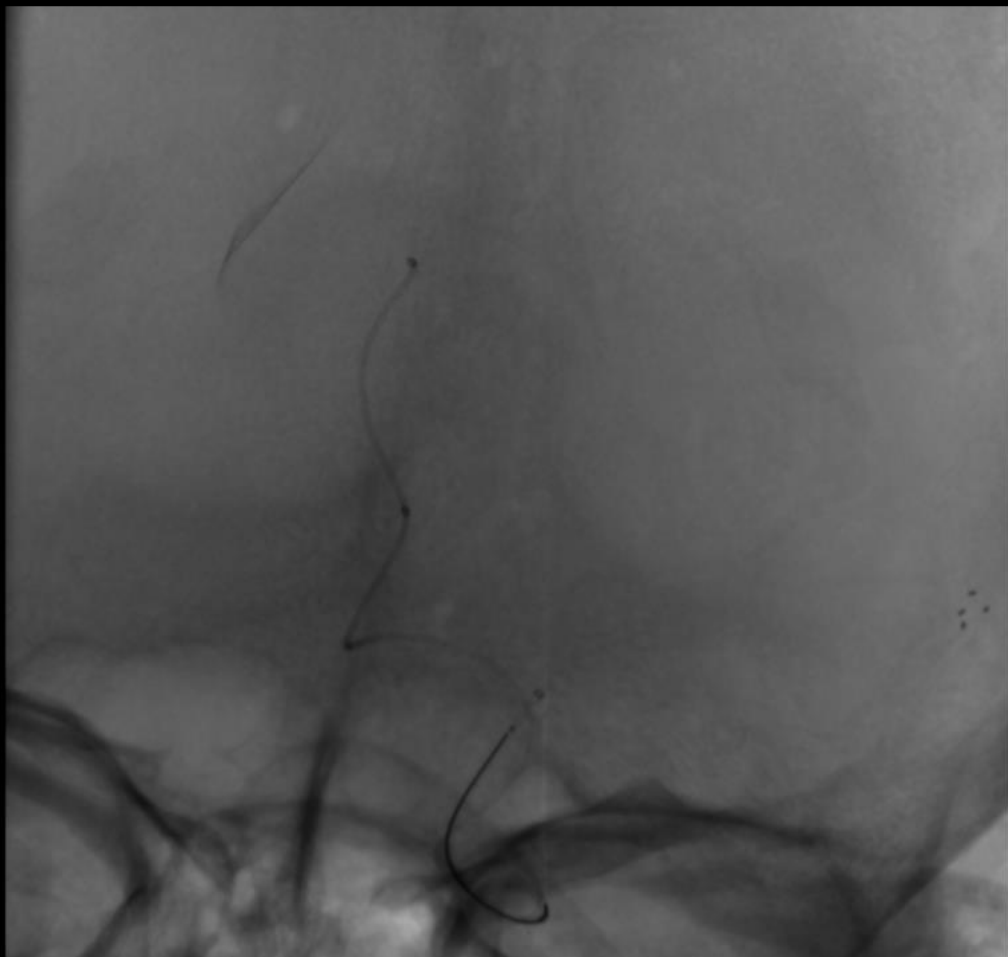
Characteristic	Overall (N = 39)
Treatment time ^a (min)	238.0 ± 94.6
Intervention time ^b (min)	36.0 ± 24.2
Device passes	1.5 ± 1.07
1	27 (69.2%)
2	7 (17.94%)
3	2 (5.12%)
Final TIC1 2b/3	39 (100%)
Final TIC1 2c/3	34 (87%)
Final TIC1 3	32 (82%)
First-pass TIC1 2b/3	27 (69%)
First-pass TIC1 2c/3	27 (69%)
First-pass TIC1 3	25 (64%)
Symptomatic intracerebral hemorrhage	3 (7.6%)
Procedural complications	
Contrast extravasation	2 (5.8%)
Embolism in new vascular territory	0 (0.0%)
NIHSS at discharge (N = 35)	5.9 ± 6.17
0	7 (20%)
1-4	17 (49%)

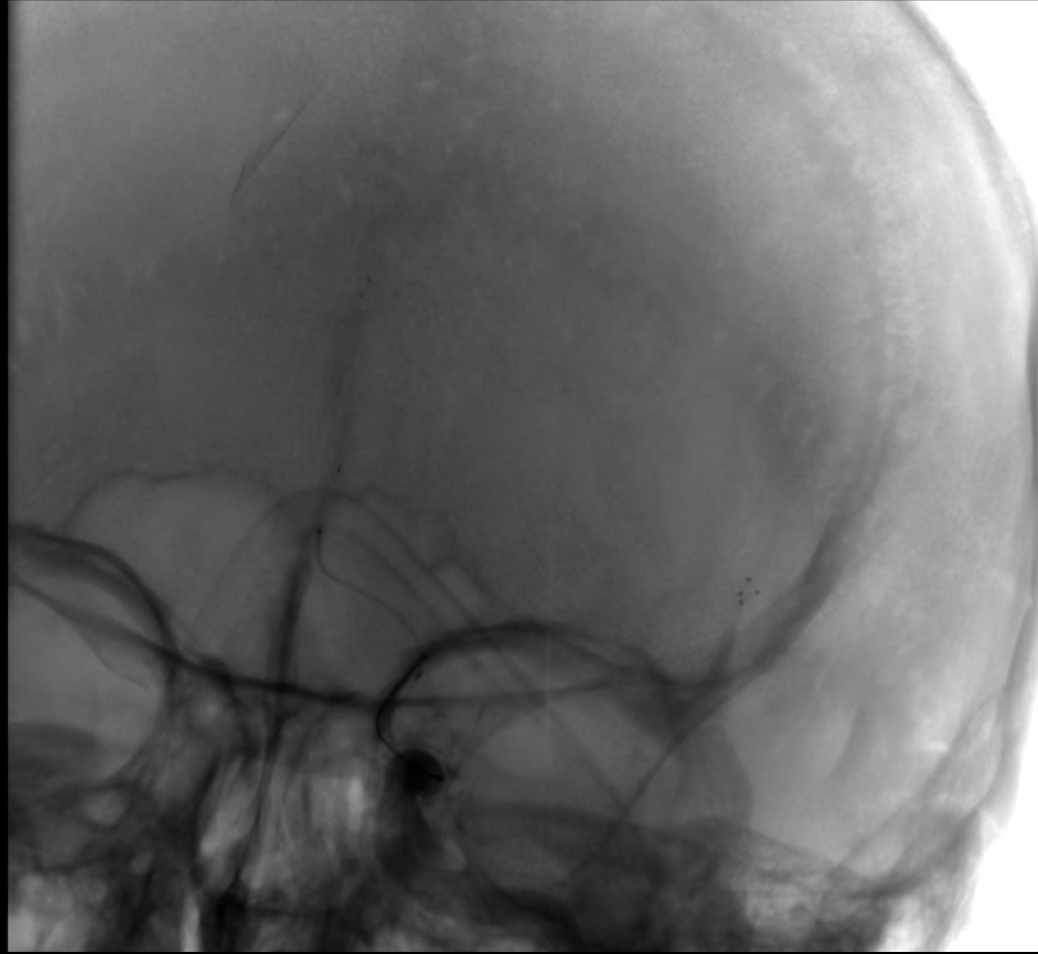
(Des images peuvent être ignorées)

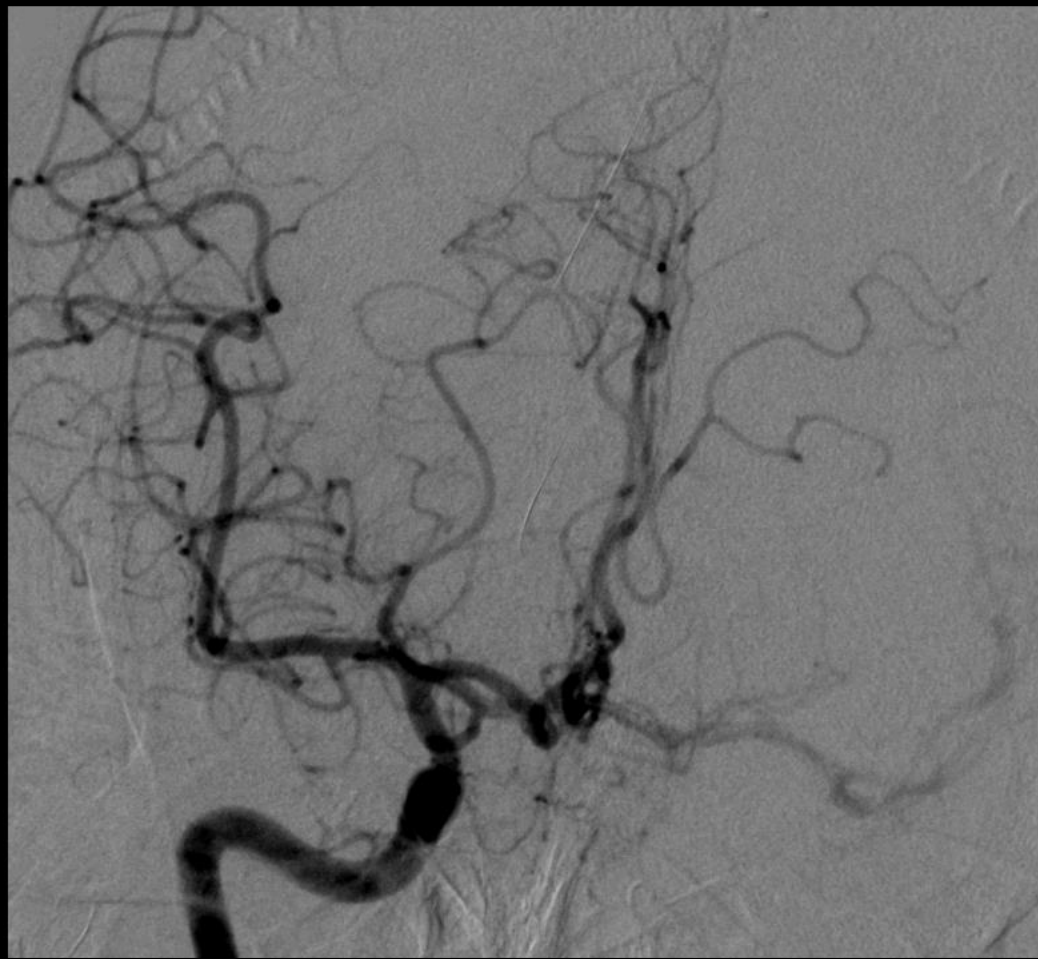










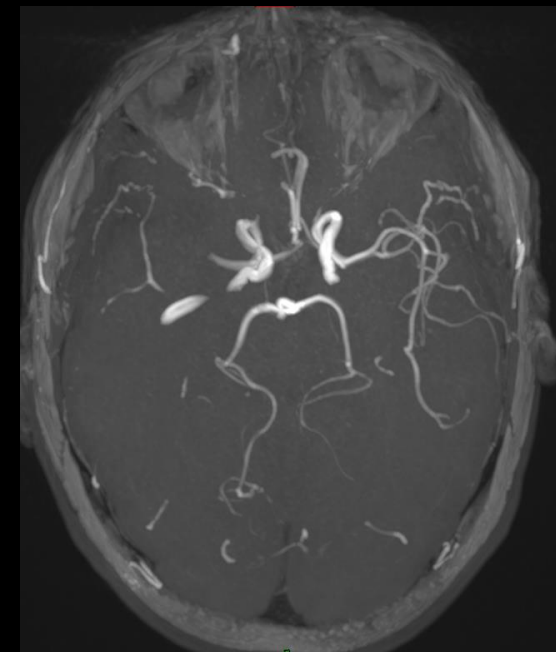
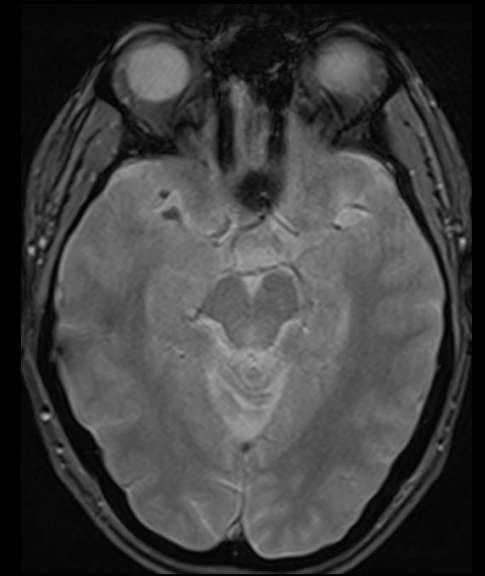
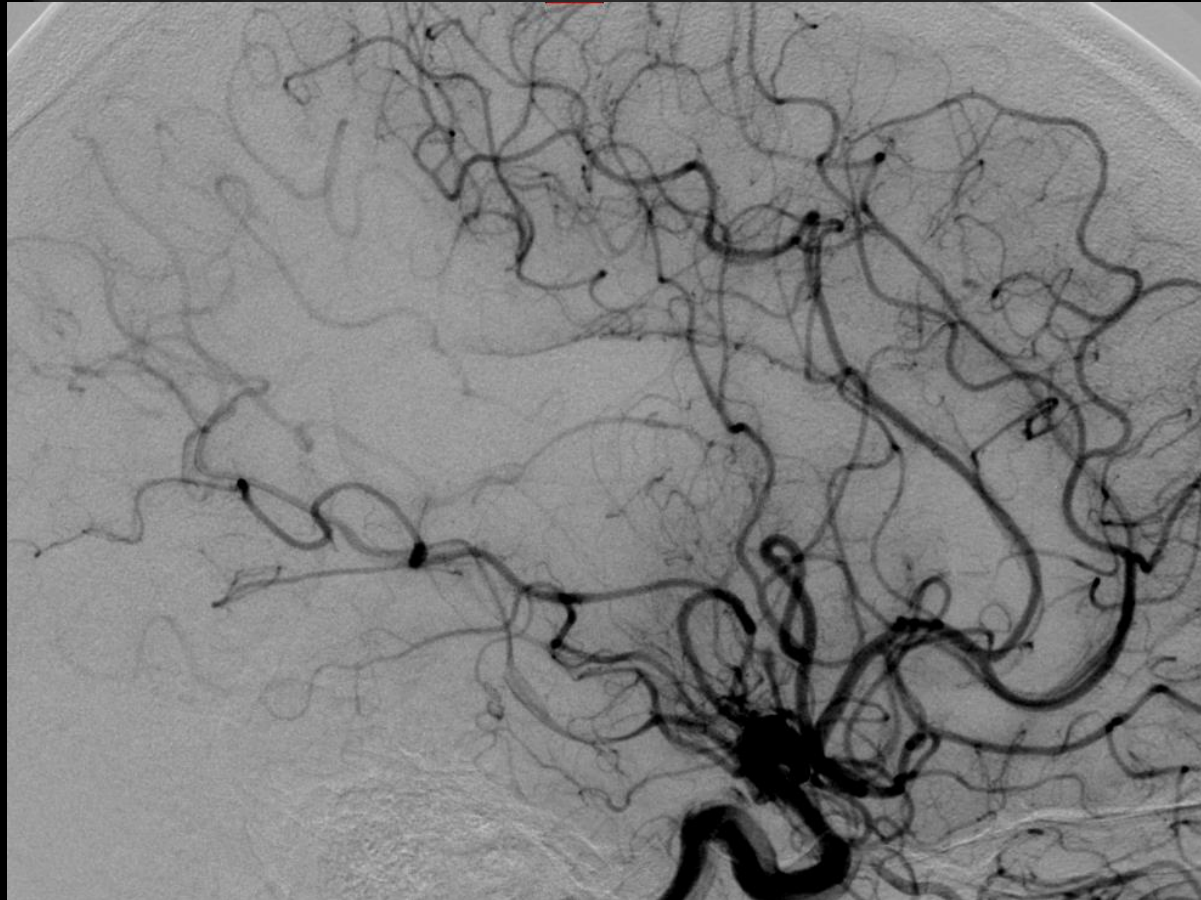
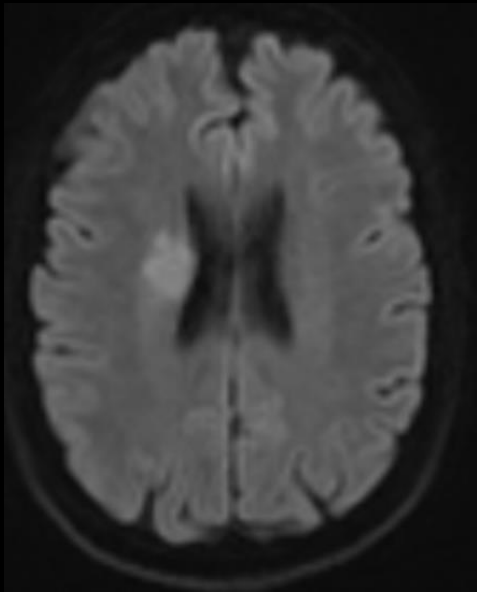


Take-home message – occlusions en T

- Exclure les patients avec un infarctus massif
- Bien analyser le polygone et la forme du thrombus
- Eliminer un thrombus A2-A3 initial
- La méthode combinée ?
- Le ballon cervical ?
- Le Y stenting ?

LES OCCLUSIONS DISTALES

Femme de 39 ans, sans ATCD, NIHSS 6, 2,5 heures, tPAIV à 3.5h



1/ Problématique des occlusions distales

Moins de bénéfice :

- territoire plus petit
- moins de pénombre à sauver



Pénombre +++

Plus de risque :

- Navigation plus dangereuse
- Lésions de traction plus fréquentes



Microcathéter soft
Guide soft
Stents retrievers soft
Thromboaspiration
Thrombolyse IV ou IA

1/ Problématique des occlusions distales

> J Neuroradiol. 2022 Nov 24;S0150-9861(22)00172-9. doi: 10.1016/j.neurad.2022.11.007.
Online ahead of print.

Complete recanalization predicts favorable outcome in patients with distal M2-M3 middle cerebral artery occlusions following endovascular thrombectomy

Mohamed Abdelrady¹, Imad Derraz², Cyril Dargazanli², Mourad Cheddad El Aouni³, Pierre-Henri Lefevre², Federico Cagnazzo², Carlos Riquelme², Gregory Gascou², Caroline Arquizan⁴, Isabelle Mourand⁴, Douraid Ben Salem³, Vincent Costalat², Jean-Christophe Gentric³, Julien Ognard³

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 36436611 DOI: 10.1016/j.neurad.2022.11.007

> J Neuroradiol. 2022 Jun;49(4):311-316. doi: 10.1016/j.neurad.2022.03.008. Epub 2022 Apr 6.

Safety and effectiveness of mechanical thrombectomy for primary isolated distal vessel occlusions: A monocentric retrospective comparative study

Mahmoud Elhorany¹, Charlotte Rosso², Eimad Shotar³, Flore Baronnet-Chauvet⁴, Kévin Premat³, Stéphanie Lenck³, Sophie Crozier⁴, Céline Corcy³, Laure Bottin⁴, Ossama Yassin Mansour⁵, Atika Talbi³, El-Sayed Ali Tag El-Din⁶, Wael Ahmed Fadel⁶, Nader-Antoine Sourour³, Sonia Alamowitch⁴, Yves Samson², Frédéric Clarençon⁷

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 35397949 DOI: 10.1016/j.neurad.2022.03.008

ESSAI RANDOMISE
DISCOUNT (F. CLARENCON)

2/ Thrombectomie distale

4 MAX (0.41-139) sur microKT

3 MAX (0.35-160) sur guide /HD ?

- ≤ 2/3 èmes segments ?
- Moins de risque ?
- Moins efficace ?

TIGER 13 sur HEADWAY DUO 167

- ≤ 4èmes segments ?
- Segment courbe ?

Stent retriever 4-20 sur KT 021

Mini stent retriever sur KT 017

Catch mini sur Headway duo 167

- ≤ 2/3/4 èmes segments ?
- Segments droits ?

Comparative Study > J Neurointerv Surg. 2020 Mar;12(3):279-282.

doi: 10.1136/neurintsurg-2019-014990. Epub 2019 Jun 26.

A comparative analysis of 3MAX aspiration versus 3 mm Trevo Retriever for distal occlusion thrombectomy in acute stroke

Diogo C Haussen ¹, Brendan Eby, Alhamza R Al-Bayati ², Jonathan A Grossberg ³, Gabriel Martins Rodrigues, Michael R Frankel ^{4, 5}, Raul G Nogueira

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 31243066 DOI: 10.1136/neurintsurg-2019-014990

Review > Interv Neuroradiol. 2023 Jan 18;15910199231152510.

doi: 10.1177/15910199231152510. Online ahead of print.

Comparing Tigertriever 13 to other thrombectomy devices for distal medium vessel occlusion: A systematic review and meta-analysis

Gautam Adusumilli ¹, Hassan Kobeissi ², Sherief Ghozy ², Kevin M Kallmes ³, Waleed Brinjikji ², David F Kallmes ², Jeremy J Heit ⁴

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 36655307 DOI: 10.1177/15910199231152510

> J Neurointerv Surg. 2021 Dec;13(12):1067-1072. doi: 10.1136/neurintsurg-2020-017035.

Epub 2021 Jan 19.

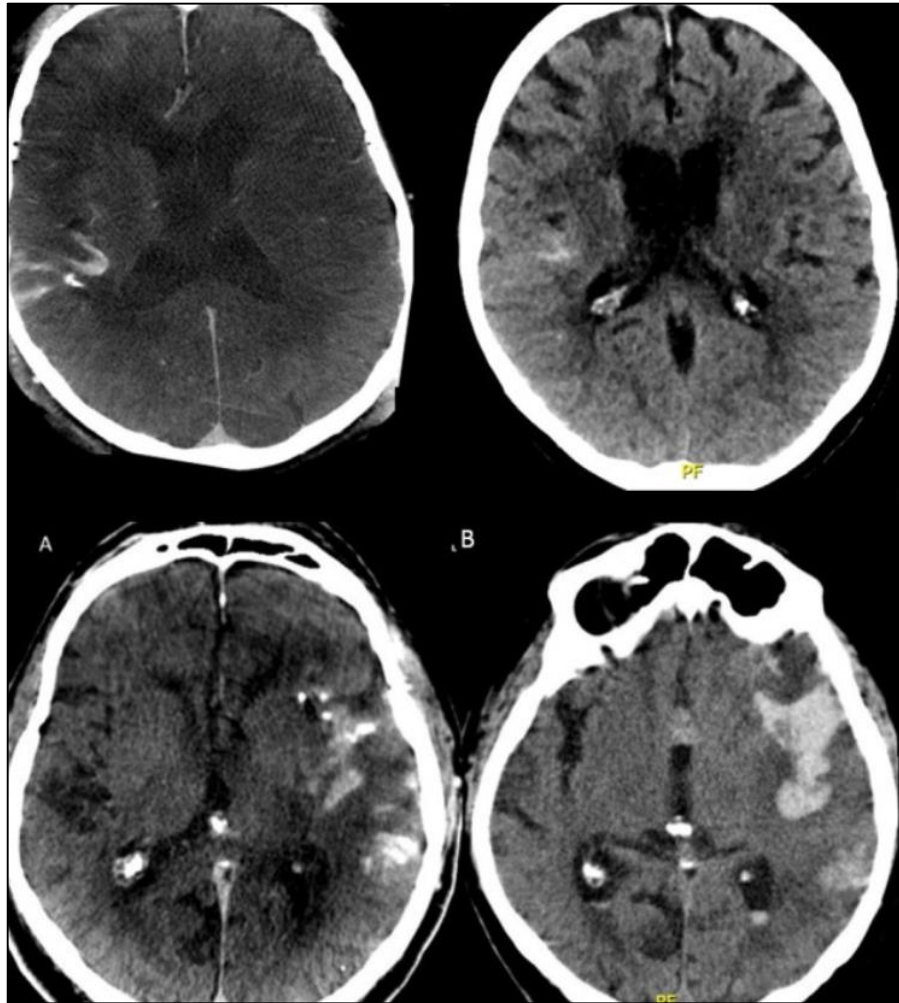
Effectiveness of very low profile thrombectomy device in primary distal medium vessel occlusion, as rescue therapy after incomplete proximal recanalization or following iatrogenic thromboembolic events

Reza Rikhtegar ^{# 1}, Pascal John Mosimann ^{# 1}, Ralph Weber ², Marta Wallocha ¹, Elif Yamac ¹, Mohammad Mirza-Aghazadeh-Attari ¹, René Chapot ³

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 33468609 PMID: PMC8606433 DOI: 10.1136/neurintsurg-2020-017035

Free PMC article

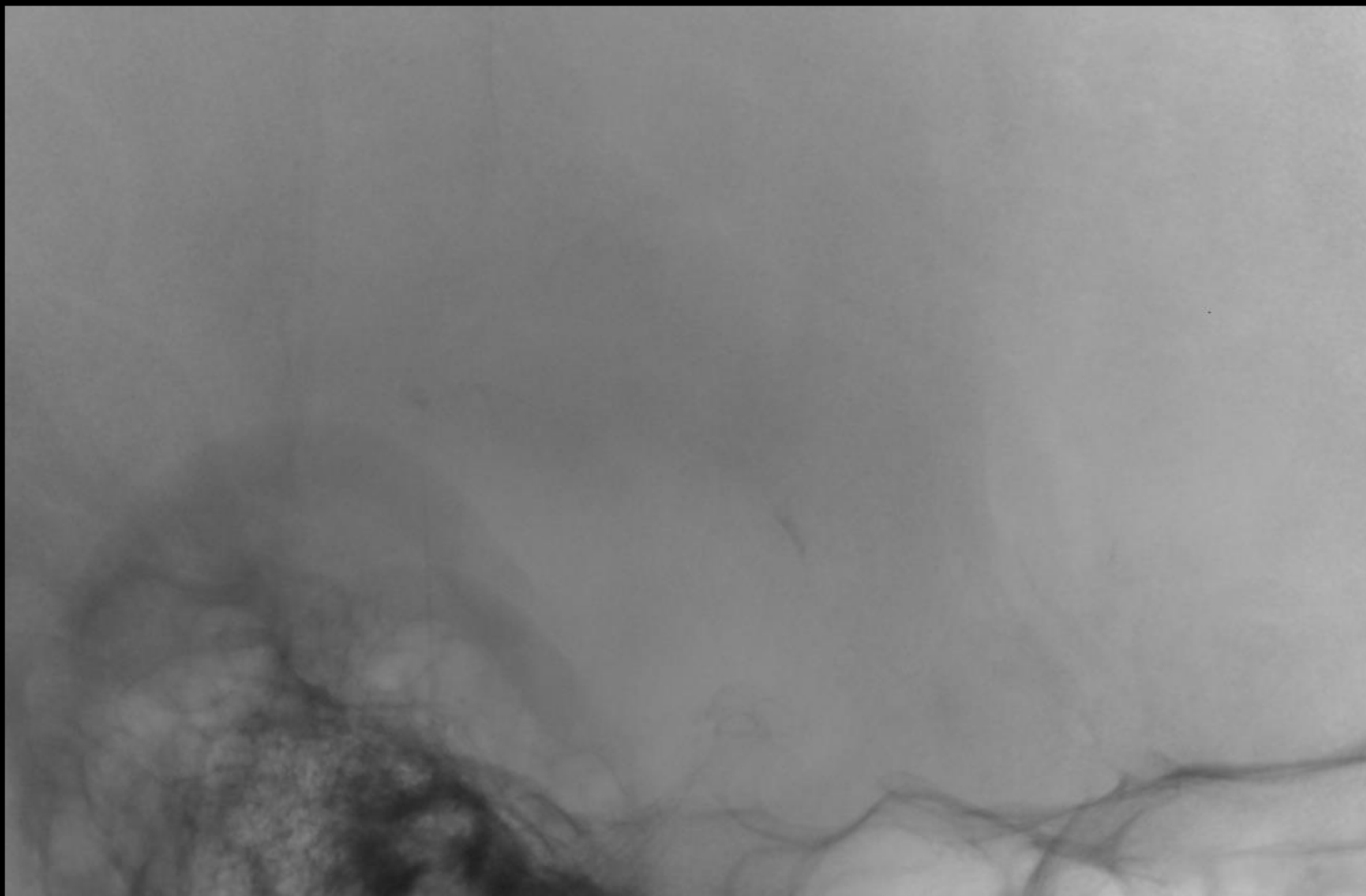


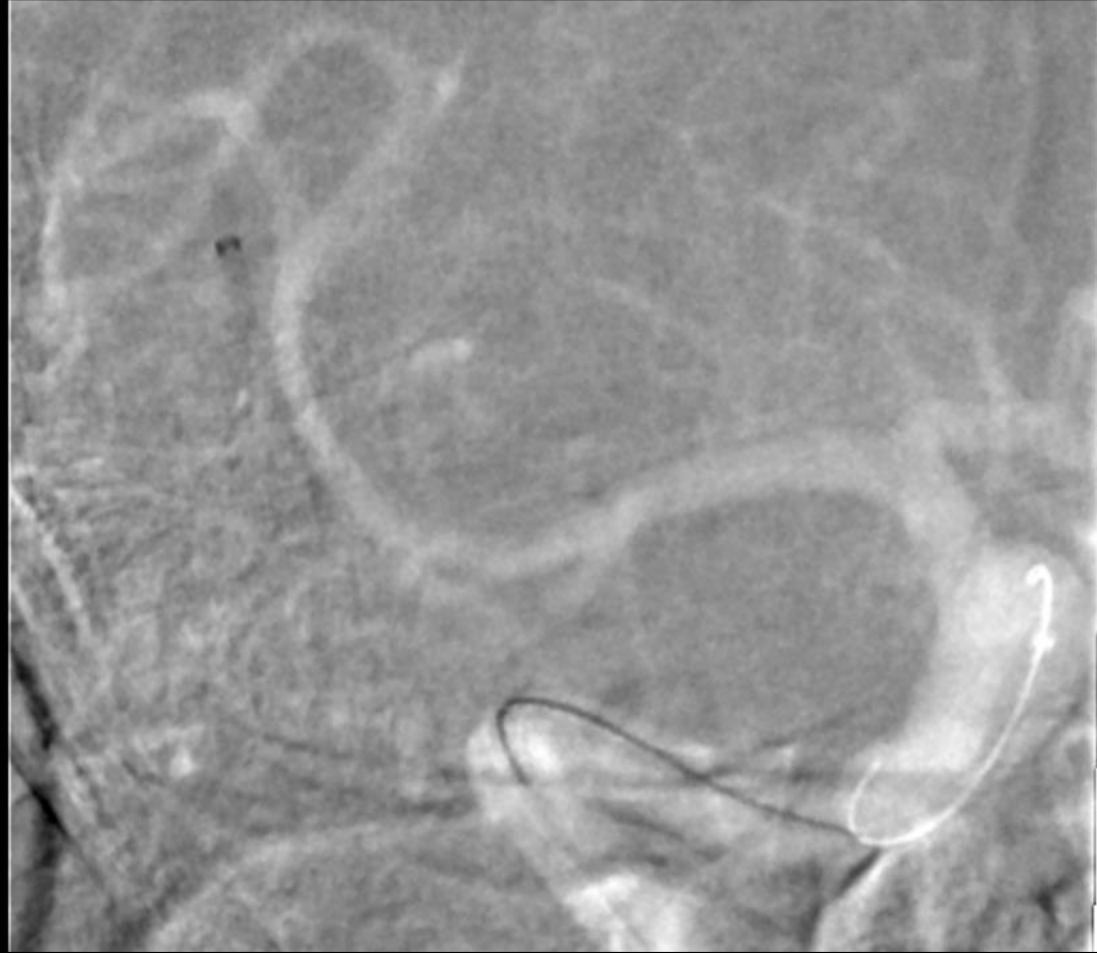
	0	1	2A	2B	2C	3	Total
Primary isolated DMVO, n (%)	7 (20.6)	0 (0.0)	3 (8.8)	4 (11.8)	7 (20.6)	13 (38.2)	34
Secondary DMVO after MT in proximal PLVO, n (%)	10 (14.1)	1 (1.4)	8 (11.3)	10 (14.1)	16 (22.5)	26 (36.6)	71
DMVO related to secondary causes, n (%)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	1 (10.0)	9 (90.0)	10

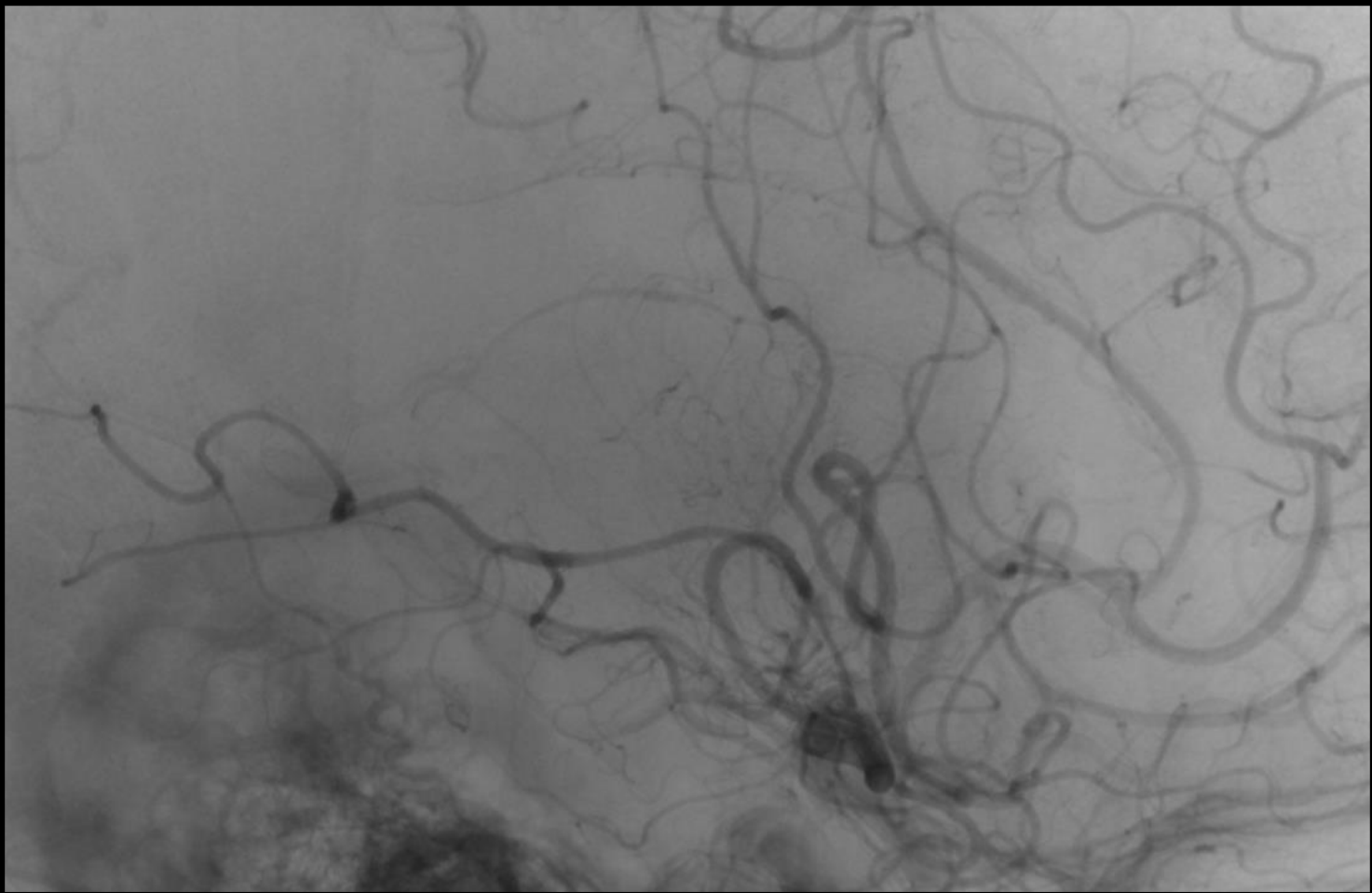
Active SAH caused by guidewire perforation or after a thrombectomy attempt was angiographically identified during the MT procedure in seven (6.7%) of the 105 patients with AIS. Three ceased spontaneously within 10 min after systolic blood pressure reduction below 80 mm Hg. Two needed temporary coiling, while the remaining two required definitive coil occlusion.

Subarachnoid contrast medium extravasation after DMVO MT was observed on immediate postoperative cone-beam CT (CBCT) in 47 (44.7%) of the 105 patients with AIS (groups 1 and 2). No bleeding occurred in elective patients with thromboembolic events treated by distal thrombectomy (group 3).

Symptomatic and asymptomatic intracranial hemorrhage on control brain imaging was observed in 8 (7.6%) and 19 (18.1%) of the 105 patients with AIS, respectively, independently of prior use of IVT ($p=0.9$).



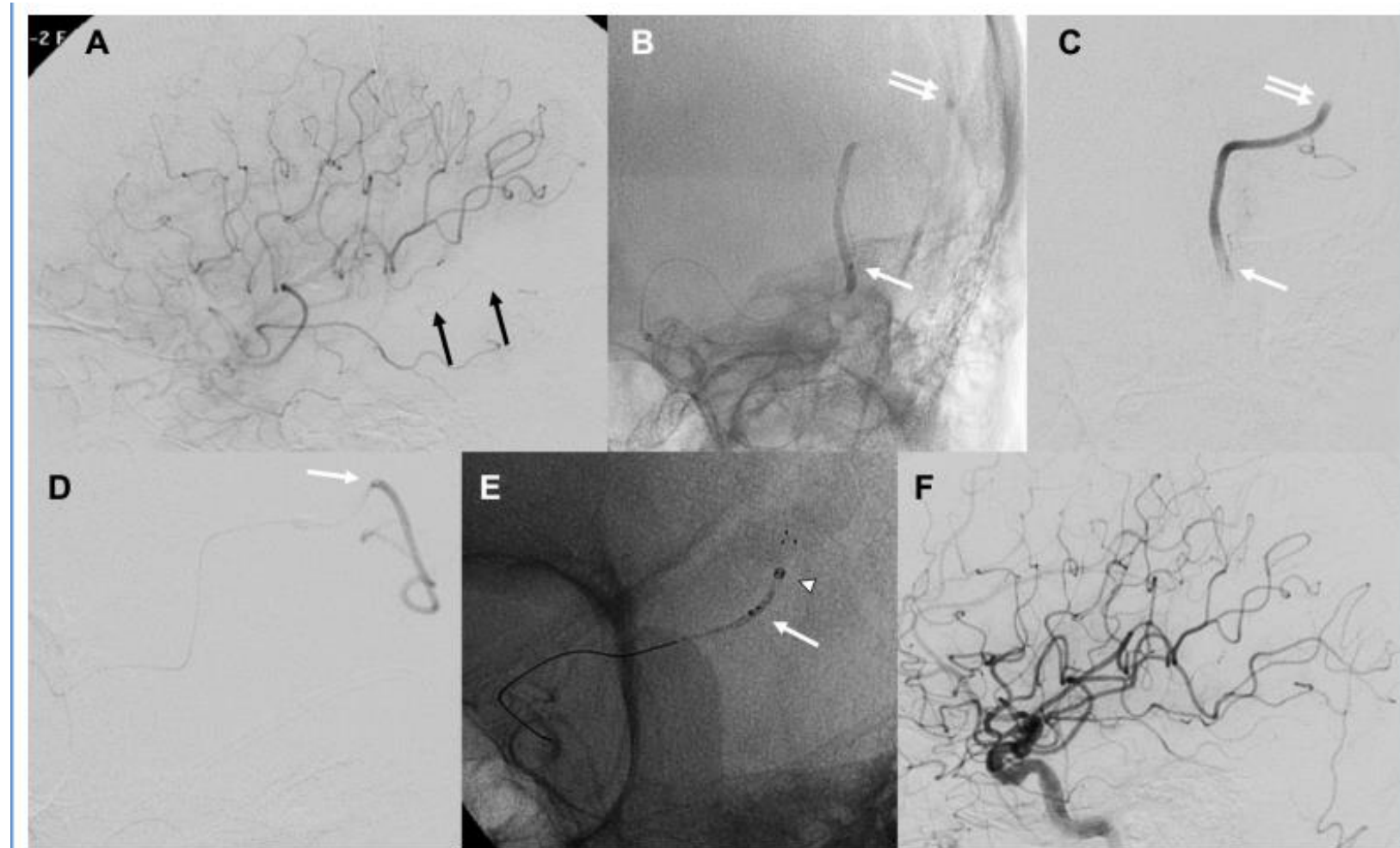




3/ Méthode combinée ?

Distal Thrombectomy with Headway Duo 167 cm and Catchview Mini Stent Retriever:
A Technical Note

Lorenzo Piergallini^{1,2}, Amedeo Cervo², Antonio Macera², Mariangela Piano², Guglielmo Pero²



Take-home message – occlusion distale

- Occlusion primaire :
 - Faire une perfusion
 - Exclure les patients avec un NIHSS faible, surtout si TA normale
 - Anesthésie générale ++
- Occlusion secondaire :
 - Embole erratique ACA +++
 - Pas sous double anti agrégation

3Max moins dangereux ? Mais moins efficace ?
Stent retriever distal / Tiger 13 selon courbe
Combiné sur HEADWAY DUO 167 ++
Bien repérer la localisation du thrombus +++
Adapter la traction